

Porting a Domain Specific Language for Parallel Graph Analysis to the Many-Core Intel Single-Chip Cloud Computer

Motivation

- Analyze the ability of parallel architectures/ applications to solve graph problems
- Test the advantages of running Green-Marl on the lightweight XINU OS vs. SCC Linux
- Further understand the need for mainstream manycore computers
- Explore and analyze traditional data when represented by non-traditional data structures (graphs)
- Discover which industries (social network sites, artificial intelligence) could benefit from parallel graph analysis



centrality"

Green-Marl

- Domain Specific Programming Language for "easy and efficient graph analysis", Stanford University
- Single-core machines perform graph analysis poorly; use parallelism to accelerate the process
- Simple syntax; complex algorithms can be implemented by intermediate programmers
- User writes program in Green-Marl
- Compiler translates it to a parallel, optimized implementation in the target language



Figure 2: The Green-Marl Compile Process



References

- March 2012
- Thesis, Marquette University, 2012

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Figure 1: An example graph of "betweenness

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Intel Corporation, SCC External Architecture Specification (EAS), Nov. 2010, Revision 1.1. • Sungpack Hong, Hassan Chafi, Eric Sedlar, and Kunle Olukotun, "Green-Marl: A DSL for Easy and Efficient Graph Analysis," ASPLOS '12,

Michael Ziwisky, "A message-passing, thread-migrating operating system for a many-core architecture lacking cache coherency", Master's