

Gait Analysis Using Motion Sensors on Smartphones Faculty – Sheikh Iqbal Ahamed, Ph.D. Student – Aaron Kanter

Introduction

• Walking is an important part of life for most people, yet many people have difficulty with walking

- 1 in 3 adults 65 and older fall each year[1]
- ~12 million visits to doctor's office for knee related problems[2]
- Care is based largely around costly doctors visits
 - Doctors can't easily gait "real" walking data from patients
 - Clinical gait analysis is very expensive, and there are not many labs

Prevention of gait-related injuries provides more utility than treating problems that arise

Motivation

- Laboratories are expensive to build and run
 - Constrains research to lab environments
- Most recording methods require fixed-environments
- Historically MEMS require securing multiple sensors on subject, reducing psychological acceptability

Our Approach

• Cell phones are inexpensive relative to gait analysis laboratories

• People are used to carrying cell phones around - high psychological acceptability

• Cell phones are MEMS with communication abilities and powerful processing abilities

• Data can be easily collected in home, work, or other environments

System Design

Develop a program to collect accelerometer (linear acceleration) and gyroscope (angular velocity) data on Android phones

• The program can also determine whether gait is "normal" or "abnormal"

Design Principles

- Final design should be user-friendly
- It should not interfere with normal phone activity Emphasize power conservation
- The system should be extensible





Process

- 1. Write program to collect data
- 2. Collect data using Samsung Nexus S smartphone
- 3. Data analysis (Current step)
 - 2.1 Develop feature(s) based on knowledge of gait
- 4. Add ability for program to classify gait

4.1 Either in real-time or by sending the data to a server

- 5. Add more features to make the system more robust
 - 5.1 Function in more locations (e.g. different pockets)
 - 5.2 Collect data from any orientation
 - 5.3 Integrate with Electronic Health Record systems

Future Work

- Continue process
- Collect more comprehensive data use multiple phones, many more subjects, more samples per subject
- Investigate more specific diagnostic capabilities
- Investigate viability in research lab and outpatient environments

Conclusions

• Success in this field could save millions of dollars, greatly expand availability of care, and provide new data for a variety of research

• Extensively explore human resources in research

References

[1]http://www.cdc.gov/homeandrecreationalsafety/falls/adult falls.html

[2]http://orthoinfo.aaos.org/topic.cfm?topic=A00130&return link=0

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